IB Primary Years Programme Mathematics Scope and Sequence by Haese Mathematics

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This document summarises how our Mathematics PYP books align with the International Baccalaureate Primary Years Programme Mathematics learning continuums.

Yellow text indicates material which only appears in the Teacher Resource.

Green text indicates material in the United States currency worksheet.

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
Data handling					
Conceptual understandings					
 Phase 1: We collect information to make sense of the world around us. Organising objects and events helps us to solve problems. Events in daily life involve chance. 	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 103 Exercise: 1, 2, 6 Activity: page 106 Group Activity: page 105 Chapter 12: Chance Activity: page 133, 134	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 123 Exercise: 1, 2, 7 Discussion: page 123 Group Activity: 127	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 149	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 85 Discussion: page 85	25A: Categorical data
 Phase 2: Information can be expressed as organised and structured data. Objects and events can be organised in different ways. Some events in daily life are more likely to happen than others. 	Chapter 12: Chance Discussion: page 136	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 125 Chapter 12: Chance Theory: page 159 Exercise: 1 – 3 Activity: page 160 Class Activity: page 162	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 149, 153, 158, 160 Exercise: 1, 9 Chapter 16: Chance Exercise: 1 Discussion: page 216, 220 Activity: page 214, 219, 221	Chapter 2: Addition Puzzle: page 24 Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 305	24A: Describing probability 24E: Experimental probability
 Phase 3: Data can be collected, organised, displayed and analysed in different ways. Different graph forms highlight different aspects of data more efficiently. Probability can be based on experimental events in daily life. Probability can be expressed in numerical notations. 			Chapter 10: Data handling Discussion: page 157 Chapter 16: Chance Discussion: page 218 Activity: page 218, 219	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 85, 89, 92, 96, 98 Activity: page 95 Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 305, 308	24B: Using numbers to describ probabilities 24E: Experimental probability 25A: Categorical data 25B: Bar graphs 25C: Circle graphs 25D: Line graphs 25E: Numerical data
 Phase 4: Data can be presented effectively for valid interpretation and communication. Range, mode, median and mean can be used to analyse statistical data. Probability can be represented on a scale between 0–1 or 0%–100%. The probability of an event can be predicted theoretically 			Chapter 10: Data handling Discussion: page 157	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 85 Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 308 – 311	24B: Using numbers to describ probability 24C: Outcomes 24D: Theoretical probability 25A: Categorical data 25B: Bar graphs 25C: Circle graphs 25F: The mean of a data set 25G: The median of a data set 25H: The range of a data set
Constructing meaning					
 Phase 1: understand that sets can be organised by different attributes understand that information about themselves and their surroundings can be obtained in different ways discuss chance in daily events (impossible, maybe, 	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 103, 104 Exercise: 1, 2 Chapter 12: Chance Theory: page 135 Exercise: 1 – 4	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 124 Exercise: 1, 2, 8, 9 Discussion: page 126			

Data handling — Conceptual understandings

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	PYP 5
 Phase 2: understand that sets can be organised by one or more attributes understand that information about themselves and their surroundings can be collected and recorded in different ways understand the concept of chance in daily events (impossible, less likely, maybe, most likely, certain). 		Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 125 Exercise: 6 Discussion: page 126 Chapter 12: Chance Theory: page 161 Exercise: 1 – 3, 6 Activity: page 160, 161 Class Activity: page 162	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 149, 153, 158, 160 Exercise: 1, 3, 4 Discussion: page 149 Activity: page 152 Chapter 16: Chance Theory: page 213 Exercise: 1 Discussion: page 214 Activity: page 214	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 85, 89, 96, 98 Exercise: 3 Activity: page 95 Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 305	24A: Describing probability 25A: Categorical data
 Phase 3: understand that data can be collected, displayed and interpreted using simple graphs, for example, bar graphs, line graphs understand that scale can represent different quantities in graphs understand that the mode can be used to summarise a set of data understand that one of the purposes of a database is to answer questions and solve problems understand that probability is based on experimental events. 			Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 7, 9 Discussion: page 155 Chapter 16: Chance Discussion: page 218 Activity: page 219	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 85, 89, 92 Activity: page 95	24E: Experimental probability 25B: Bar graphs 25D: Line graphs 25E: Numerical data 25H: The range of a data set
 Phase 4: understand that different types of graphs have special purposes understand that the mode, median, mean and range can summarise a set of data understand that probability can be expressed in scale (0–1) or per cent (0%–100%) understand the difference between experimental and theoretical probability. 				Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 308	 24B: Using numbers to describe probabilities 24E: Experimental probability 25A: Categorical data 25C: Circle graphs 25E: Numerical data 25F: The mean of a data set 25G: The median of a data set 25H: The range of a data set
 Transferring meaning into symbols Phase 1: represent information through pictographs and tally marks sort and label real objects by attributes. 	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 104 Exercise: 3 – 8 Discussion: page 107 Activity: page 106 Group Activity: page 105, 108	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 124 Exercise: 3 – 9 Discussion: page 128 Activity: page 127 Group Activity: page 127, 130	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 153 Exercise: 5, 7, 8 Activity: page 152	Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 4 – 7 Activity: page 91	
 Phase 2: collect and represent data in different types of graphs, for example, tally marks, bar graphs represent the relationship between objects in sets using tree, Venn and Carroll diagrams express the chance of an event happening using words or phrases (impossible, less likely, maybe, most likely, certain). 		Chapter 12: Chance Theory: page 161 Exercise: 1 – 10 Discussion: page 160 Activity: page 161, 164 Class Activity: page 162	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 149, 158, 160 Exercise: 2 – 4, 6, 9, 10, 12, 13 Activity: page 152, 159 Practical Activity: page 159, 161, 162 Chapter 16: Chance Theory: page 213, 216 Exercise: 2 – 9 Activity: page 214 Puzzle: page 215	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 85, 96, 98 Exercise: 1 – 3, 5, 9, 11, 12, 14 Discussion: page 87 Activity: page 91, 94 Group Activity: page 88 Puzzle: page 99 Game: page 97 Practical Activity: page 97, 99 Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 305, 308, 310 Exercise: 1 – 12 Discussion: page 307 Activity: page 306	 24A: Describing probability 24B: Using numbers to describe probabilities 24C: Outcomes 24E: Experimental probability 25A: Categorical data

 represent information through pictographs and tally marks 	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 104 Exercise: 3 – 8 Discussion: page 107 Activity: page 106 Group Activity: page 105, 108	Chapter 8: Data handling Theory: page 124 Exercise: 3 – 9 Discussion: page 128 Activity: page 127 Group Activity: page 127, 130	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 153 Exercise: 5, 7, 8 Activity: page 152	Chapter 5: Data handli Exercise: 4 – 7 Activity: page 91
 Phase 2: collect and represent data in different types of graphs, for example, tally marks, bar graphs represent the relationship between objects in sets using tree, Venn and Carroll diagrams express the chance of an event happening using words or phrases (impossible, less likely, maybe, most likely, certain). 		Chapter 12: Chance Theory: page 161 Exercise: 1 – 10 Discussion: page 160 Activity: page 161, 164 Class Activity: page 162	Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 149, 158, 160 Exercise: 2 – 4, 6, 9, 10, 12, 13 Activity: page 152, 159 Practical Activity: page 159, 161, 162 Chapter 16: Chance Theory: page 213, 216 Exercise: 2 – 9 Activity: page 214 Puzzle: page 215	Chapter 5: Data handli Theory: page 85, 96, 98 Exercise: 1 – 3, 5, 9, 11 Discussion: page 87 Activity: page 91, 94 Group Activity: page 88 Puzzle: page 99 Game: page 97 Practical Activity: page Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 305, 308, Exercise: 1 – 12 Discussion: page 307 Activity: page 306

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4
 Phase 3: collect, display and interpret data using simple graphs, for example, bar graphs, line graphs identify, read and interpret range and scale on graphs identify the mode of a set of data 	r		Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 153 Exercise: 9 Discussion: page 155	Chapter 5: Data handl Theory: page 85, 92 Exercise: 1 – 4, 7 – 9 Activity: page 94, 95 Group Activity: page 88
 use tree diagrams to express probability using simple fractions. 				Chapter 13: Area Activity: page 238
				Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 311 Exercise: 13, 14 Puzzle: page 312
Phase 4:collect, display and interpret data in circle graphs (pie				Chapter 5: Data handl Activity: page 95
 charts) and line graphs identify, describe and explain the range, mode, median and mean in a set of data set up a spreadsheet using simple formulas to manipulat data and to create graphs express probabilities using scale (0–1) or per cent (0%–100%). 	e			Chapter 21: Probabilit Theory: page 308, 310, Exercise: 5, 6, 10 – 14 Discussion: page 308, 3 Activity: page 312 Puzzle: page 312

Applying with understanding

 Phase 1: create pictographs and tally marks create living graphs using real objects and people describe real objects and events by attributes. 	Chapter 8: Data handling Exercise: 4, 5, 7, 8 Activity: page 106 Group Activity: page 105, 108	Chapter 8: Data handling Exercise: 4 – 6, 8, 9 Activity: page 127 Group Activity: page 127, 130	Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 3, 4, 6, 8 Activity: page 152 Practical Activity: page 162	Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 2, 3, 5, 7, 9 Activity: page 94 Group Activity: page 88
 Phase 2: collect, display and interpret data for the purpose of answering questions create a pictograph and sample bar graph of real objects and interpret data by comparing quantities (for example, more, fewer, less than, greater than) use tree, Venn and Carroll diagrams to explore relationships between data identify and describe chance in daily events (impossible, less likely, maybe, most likely, certain). 		Chapter 8: Data handling Group Activity: page 130 Chapter 12: Chance Exercise: 10 Discussion: page 164 Activity: page 161, 164	Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 3 – 5, 7, 9 – 13 Activity: page 152, 159 Practical Activity: page 159, 161, 162 Chapter 16: Chance Exercise: 1 Discussion: page 216, 218 Activity: page 214	Chapter 2: Addition Exercise: 25 Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 1 – 4, 6 – 14 Activity: page 94 Group Activity: page 88 Puzzle: page 99 Game: page 97 Practical Activity: page 97, 99 Chapter 21: Probability Exercise: 1 Activity: page 306
 Phase 3: design a survey and systematically collect, organise and display data in pictographs and bar graphs select appropriate graph form(s) to display data interpret range and scale on graphs use probability to determine mathematically fair and unfair games and to explain possible outcomes express probability using simple fractions. 			Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 5 – 10 Discussion: page 155	Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 5 – 9 Activity: page 91, 94 Chapter 21: Probability Theory: page 308, 310, 311 Exercise: 10 – 14 Discussion: page 308, 311, 313 Activity: page 312 Puzzle: page 312

	РҮР 5
nandling 92 – 9 95 age 88 3 ability	24D: Theoretical probability 25B: Bar graphs 25D: Line graphs 25E: Numerical data 25H: The range of a data set
nandling ability , 310, 311 – 14 308, 311, 313	 24B: Using numbers to describe probabilities 24D: Theoretical probability 24E: Experimental probability 25A: Categorical data 25C: Circle graphs 25E: Numerical data 25F: The mean of a data set 25G: The median of a data set 25H: The range of a data set
n andling 7, 9 age 88	
on	24A: Describing probability
n andling – 14 age 88	25A: Categorical data 25B: Bar graphs 25C: Circle graphs 25D: Line graphs
page 97, 99	
ability	
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nandling	24B: Using numbers to describe

probability

25B: Bar graphs 25C: Circle graphs

24D: Theoretical probability 24E: Experimental probability

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4
 Phase 4: design a survey and systematically collect, record, organise and display the data in a bar graph, circle graph, line graph identify, describe and explain the range, mode, median and mean in a set of data create and manipulate an electronic database for their own purposes determine the theoretical probability of an event and explain why it might differ from experimental probability. 				Chapter 5: Data han Activity: page 94, 95

Measurement

Conceptual understandings				
 Phase 1: Measurement involves comparing objects and events. Objects have attributes that can be measured using non-standard units. Events can be ordered and sequenced. 	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 17 Discussion: page 81, 82 Activity: page 85, 86, 88, 90, 94 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 117 Exercise: 3, 4 Discussion: page 118	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 23 Discussion: page 91, 92, 102 Activity: page 100, 101, 104, 109 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 141, 142 Discussion: page 141	Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 105 Chapter 8: Mass Theory: page 127 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 187, 188	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 160 Exercise: 1, 2 Discussion: page 170 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 203 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 229 Discussion: page 229 Activity: page 231 Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 261 Discussion: page 261 Discussion: page 261 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 277 Chapter 19: Temper Theory: page 287
 Phase 2: Standard units allow us to have a common language to identify, compare, order and sequence objects and events. We use tools to measure the attributes of objects and events. Estimation allows us to measure with different levels of accuracy. 	Chapter 6: Measurement Activity: pages 85, 88, 90 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 119, 120, 122 – 124	Chapter 6: Measurement Theory: page 96 Discussion: page 96, 110 Activity: 100, 101, 104 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 143, 144, 146, 147, 149, 151 Discussion: page 146	Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 106 Discussion: page 106, 109 Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 118 Chapter 8: Mass Theory: page 130 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 189, 198	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 153, 15 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 203, 20 Discussion: page 203, 20 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 233, 25 Activity: page 234 Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 262 Activity: page 265 Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 267 Activity: page 267 Activity: page 274 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 278 Chapter 19: Tempera Theory: page 287 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 291, [1 Activity: page 295

	РҮР 5
handling 4, 95	24E: Experimental probability
0	9E: Time lines 11: Length (Introduction)
e 170 gth	14: Area (Introduction) 14A: Area
3 a	16A: Volume 18: Mass (Introduction)
9 229, 232 31	22: Temperature (Introduction)
ume 1 261	
ss 7	
nperature 7	
3, 157 gth 3, 204, 209, 214	9: Time (Introduction) 11A: Measuring length 11D: Perimeter 14A: Area
e 205, 211, 214 a	14A. Alea 14C: Other units of area 16A: Volume
3, 236 34	16C: Other units of volume
u me 2	17A: Units of capacity 17C: Measuring with containers
	18A: Units of mass
a city 7 74	19A: Decimal currency 19F: Rounding money 19G: Estimating with money
ss 8	22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit temperature
nperature 7	
ney 1, <mark>(1)</mark> 95	

Learning Outcome		PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4
using appro	l events have attributes that can be measured priate tools. os exist between standard units that measure tributes.			Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 111 Discussion: page 112 Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 118	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 154, 2 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 204, 2 Discussion: page 21
				Chapter 8: Mass Theory: page 128 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 192, 195 Exercise: 2, 17, 18	Chapter 17: Capaci Theory: page 267 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 278, 2 Chapter 19: Tempe Discussion: page 28 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 291, 2 Exercise: 5, (5) Activity: page 295,
 the precisio Conversion sense of the A range of p 	measurements depends on the situation and n of the tool. of units and measurements allows us to make e world we live in. procedures exists to measure different f objects and events.			Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 123	Chapter 11: Length Activity: page 207, Chapter 13: Area Theory: 235, 236 Chapter 16: Volum Theory: page 261 Activity: page 265 Chapter 17: Capaci Exercise: 9 Activity: page 274 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 282 Discussion: page 282
compared a heavier, em • understand and sequen	that attributes of real objects can be ind described, for example, longer, shorter, pty, full, hotter, colder that events in daily routines can be described ced, for example, before, after, bedtime, oday, tomorrow.	Chapter 6: Measurement Theory: page 87, 89, 92 Exercise: 1, 3, 7, 11 – 13 Discussion: page 81, 82 Activity: page 83 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 117 Exercise: 1, 2, 5 Discussion: page 118	Chapter 6: Measurement Theory: page 98, 100, 103 – 106, 110 Exercise: 1, 3, 9, 15, 16, 18, 19, 25, 26 Discussion: page 91, 92 Activity: page 93 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 142 Exercise: 1, 3 Discussion: page 141	Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 105, 107 Activity: page 105 Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 117 Exercise: 1 – 4 Chapter 8: Mass Theory: page 127 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 187, 188 Exercise: 1 – 3	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 160 Exercise: 1, 2, 11 – Discussion: page 15 Activity: page 162 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 203 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 229 Discussion: page 229 Discussion: page 229 Discussion: page 221 Chapter 16: Volum Theory: page 261 Discussion: page 261 Discussion: page 261 Chapter 17: Capaci Theory: page 267 Exercise: 1 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 277 Chapter 19: Tempe Theory: page 287

	РҮР 5
165	8D: Measuring angles 8E: Constructing angles
	9B: Units of time
209, 214 1	11A: Measuring length
	11B: Length conversions
ty	17B: Capacity conversions 17C: Measuring with containers
282	18B: Mass conversions 18C: Measuring mass
rature 39	19A: Decimal currency
1	22A: Celsius temperature
296, <mark>(1, 5)</mark>	22B: Fahrenheit temperature
300	
	11A: Measuring length
214	11B: Length conversions 11D: Perimeter
	11E: The perimeter of a square
e	11F: The perimeter of a rectangle
	14B: The area of a rectangle 14C: Other units of area
ty	16A: Volume 16B: The volume of a rectangular prism
	17C: Measuring with containers
	18C: Measuring mass
33	19A: Decimal currency
	22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit temperature
	9A: Digital time
13	9C: Time calculations 9D: 24-hour time
53	11: Length (Introduction)
	14: Area (Introduction) 14A: Area
	17: Capacity (Introduction)
	18: Mass (Introduction)
29, 232	22: Temperature (Introduction)
e	
51	
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rature	

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4
 understand the use of standard units to measure, for example, length, mass, money, time, temperature 	Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 119, 120, 122 – 124 Exercise: 6, 8, 10 – 14, 16, 18, 19 – 24 Discussion: page 128	Chapter 6: Measurement Theory: page 96 Exercise: 6 Discussion: page 96 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 143, 144, 146, 147, 149, 151	Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 106, 111 Exercise: 4 Discussion: page 106 Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 118, 120 Exercise: 5, 6	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 153, 15 Exercise: 18 – 21, 24, Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 203 – 2 Exercise: 5 Discussion: page 205
		Exercise: 5 – 7, 9 – 11, 13, 15 – 31 Discussion: page 146, 149, 152, 154, 156 Activity: page 156	Chapter 8: Mass Theory: page 128, 130 Exercise: 3 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 189, 192, 195, 198 Exercise: 2, 6, 7, 14, 16 – 23 Discussion: page 194, 197, 199, 201	Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 267, 26 Discussion: page 267 Activity: page 274 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 278, 28 Discussion: page 282
				Chapter 19: Tempera Theory: page 287 Exercise: 1, 2 Discussion: page 289
				Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 291, (1 Activity: page 295, 3
 Phase 3: understand the use of standard units to measure perimeter, area and volume understand that measures can fall between numbers on a 			Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 111 Exercise: 7 Discussion: page 112	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 154, 16 Exercise: 18 – 21, 24 Discussion: page 155
 measurement scale, for example, 3½ kg, between 4 cm and 5 cm understand relationships between units, for example, metres, centimetres and millimetres understand an angle as a measure of retation 			Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 118, 122, 123 Exercise: 7 Chapter 8: Mass	Chapter 9: Turns and Theory: page 176, 17 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 204, 20
 understand an angle as a measure of rotation. 			Theory: page 128 Exercise: 2	Exercise: 5, 9, 16, 18 Discussion: page 211
			Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 192, 195 Exercise: 2, 17, 18	Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 233 Exercise: 7, 8 Activity: page 234
				Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 262 Exercise: 2, 3
				Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 267, 27
				Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 278, 28
				Chapter 19: Tempera Theory: page 287
				Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 291, 29 Exercise: 4 – 14, (4 – Activity: page 295, 30 Listening Activity: pa Puzzle: page 294, (4) Challenge: page 295,

	PYP 5
	8C: Angles
154, 157, 164 4, 25	9: Time (Introduction) 9A: Digital time
	9B: Units of time
205, 209, 211, 214	11A: Measuring length
)5, 211, 214	17A: Units of capacity 17C: Measuring with containers
ty 269	18A: Units of mass
57	18C: Measuring mass
	19A: Decimal currency
282, 283	22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit temperature
32	
rature	
39, 290	
1	
1) 300	
	8C: Angles
165 – 167 4 25	8D: Measuring angles
4, 25 55	8E: Constructing angles 9A: Digital time
nd angles	9B: Units of time
178	9G: Time zones
205, 209, 211, 214	11A: Measuring length 11B: Length conversions
8, 20 1	11C: Operations with lengths 11D: Perimeter
	11D: Perificier 14A: Area
	14C: Other units of area
	16A: Volume 16C: Other units of volume
e	17B: Capacity conversions
	18B: Mass conversions
ty	19A: Decimal currency
270, 272	22B: Fahrenheit temperature
280, 281, 283	
rature	
/ 296, <mark>(1, 5)</mark>	
- 13)	
300 age 299, <mark>(8)</mark>	
4) 5, (4)	

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 4: understand procedures for finding area, perimeter and volume understand the relationships between area and perimeter, between area and volume, and between volume and capacity understand unit conversions within measurement systems (metric or customary). 			Chapter 6: Length Exercise: 7 Chapter 7: Capacity Exercise: 7 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 2	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 165 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: 5, 16, 20 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 229, 235, 236 Discussion: page 232 Activity: page 231 Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 261 Activity: page 265 Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 267 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 278, 280, 281	 9B: Units of time 11A: Measuring length 11B: Length conversions 11D: Perimeter 11E: The perimeter of a square 11F: The perimeter of a rectangle 14A: Area 14B: The area of a rectangle 14C: Other units of area 16A: Volume 16B: The volume of a rectangular prises 17B: Capacity conversions 18B: Mass conversions 22B: Fahrenheit temperature
Transferring meaning into symbols	1		1		
 Phase 1: identify, compare and describe attributes of real objects, for example, longer, shorter, heavier, empty, full, hotter, colder compare the length, mass and capacity of objects using nonstandard units identify, describe and sequence events in their daily routine, for example, before, after, bedtime, storytime, today, tomorrow. 	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 2, 4 – 6, 8 – 12, 14 – 17 Activity: page 84 – 86, 89, 90, 94 Puzzle: page 87 Chapter 10: Time Exercise: 3, 4	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 2, 4, 5, 10 – 18, 20 – 24 Activity: page 94, 95, 99, 102, 103, 108, 109 Group activity: page 95 Puzzle: page 109 Chapter 10: Time Activity: page 143	Chapter 6: Length Activity: page 110 Chapter 7: Capacity Exercise: 1 – 4 Activity: page 124 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 1, 4, 5 Discussion: page 129	Chapter 5: Data handling Theory: page 92 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 229 Exercise: 1 – 6 Activity: page 231 Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 261	9: Time (Introduction) 9E: Time lines 14A: Area

Phase 1:	Chapter 6: Measurement	Chapter 6: Measurement	Chapter 6: Length	Chapter 5: Data handling
 identify, compare and describe attributes of real objects, for example, longer, shorter, heavier, empty, full, hotter, colder compare the length, mass and capacity of objects using nonstandard units identify, describe and sequence events in their daily routine, for example, before, after, bedtime, storytime, today, tomorrow. 	Exercise: 2, 4 – 6, 8 – 12, 14 – 17 Activity: page 84 – 86, 89, 90, 94 Puzzle: page 87 Chapter 10: Time Exercise: 3, 4	Exercise: 2, 4, 5, 10 – 18, 20 – 24 Activity: page 94, 95, 99, 102, 103, 108, 109 Group activity: page 95 Puzzle: page 109 Chapter 10: Time Activity: page 143	Activity: page 110 Chapter 7: Capacity Exercise: 1 – 4 Activity: page 124 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 1, 4, 5 Discussion: page 129 Activity: page 131 Puzzle: page 128 Game: page 131 Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 9	Theory: page 92 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 229 Exercise: 1 – 6 Activity: page 231 Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 261 Exercise: 1, 4 Chapter 17: Capacity Exercise: 1 Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: 1 – 3 Activity: page 277 Chapter 19: Temperature Discussion: page 287

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 2: estimate and measure objects using standard units of measurement: length, mass, capacity, money and temperature read and write the time to the hour, half hour and quarter hour estimate and compare lengths of time: second, minute, hour, day, week and month. 	Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 119, 120, 122, 123 Exercise: 7 – 18 Discussion: page 124	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 7, 8 Activity: page 97 Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 143, 144, 146, 147 Exercise: 4, 6 – 16	Chapter 6: Length Exercise: 1 – 5 Discussion: page 109 Activity: page 110, 113, 114 Chapter 7: Capacity Exercise: 8 – 10, 14 Discussion: page 120, 124 Activity: page 119, 121, 124 Chapter 8: Mass Activity: page 129, 131 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 189 Exercise: 4, 5, 7 Activity: page 196	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 153, 164 Exercise: 12, 14, 15 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: $1 - 4$, $6 - 8$, $10 - 12$, 19 Discussion: page 211 Activity: page 207, 208 212 - 214 Chapter 14: Position and direction Theory: page 249 Exercise: $9 - 13$ Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 264 Exercise: 5, 6 Chapter 17: Capacity Exercise: 2, $4 - 14$ Discussion: page 269 Activity: page 268, 271 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 283 Exercise: $17 - 19$ Chapter 19: Temperature Exercise: 3, 4, 6 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 296 Exercise: $1 - 4$, 6 , 8 , $11 - 14$ ($1 - 4$, 7, 11 - 13) Activity: page 295, 300 Listening Activity: page 299 (8) Puzzle: page 294 (4) Challenge: page 295 (4)	 9B: Units of time 9C: Time calculations 11A: Measuring length 12E: Scale 17A: Units of capacity 17C: Measuring with containers 18C: Measuring mass 19F: Rounding money 22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 3: estimate and measure using standard units of measurement: perimeter, area and volume describe measures that fall between numbers on a scale read and write digital and analogue time on 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. 			Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 122, 123 Exercise: 11 – 14 Activity: page 122, 124 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 192, 195 Exercise: 9 – 13	Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 154, 157 Exercise: $3 - 6$, $8 - 11$, 13 Discussion: page 155 Activity: page 162 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 205 Exercise: $6 - 8$, $10 - 12$ Activity: page 207, 208, 212, 213 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 235, 236 Exercise: $7 - 11$ Activity: page 238 Chapter 16: Volume Theory: page 264 Exercise: $2 - 6$ Activity: page 265 Game: page 263 Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 270, 272 Exercise: $6 - 14$ Activity: page 271 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 283 Exercise: $17 - 19$	 9: Time (Introduction) 9A: Digital time 9C: Time calculations 9D: 24-hour time 9F: Timetables 11A: Measuring length 11D: Perimeter 14A: Area 14C: Other units of area 16A: Volume 16C: Other units of volume 17C: Measuring with containers 18C: Measuring mass 22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit temperature
 Phase 4: develop and describe formulas for finding perimeter, area and volume use decimal and fraction notation in measurement, for example, 3.2 cm, 1.47 kg, 1½ miles read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments measure and construct angles in degrees using a protractor carry out simple unit conversions within a system of measurement (metric or customary). 			Chapter 6: Length Theory: page 106 Exercise: 1, 7 – 9 Chapter 7: Capacity Theory: page 122, 123 Exercise: 7 – 14 Discussion: page 120, 124 Activity: page 121, 122, 124 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 2 Chapter 13: Time Theory: page 192, 195 Exercise: 8, 14 – 16	Chapter 19: Temperature Theory: page 287 Exercise: 3, 4, 6 Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 154, 166, 167 Exercise: 7, 16 – 25 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 203 – 205, 209, 211, 214 Exercise: 1, 5 – 12, 16 – 20 Discussion: page 211 Activity: page 207, 208, 212, 213 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 235 Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 270, 272 Exercise: 3 – 14 Discussion: page 269 Activity: page 271 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 280, 281, 283 Exercise: 9 – 15, 17 – 19 Chapter 19: Temperature Theory: page 287 Exercise: 1 – 4, 6 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 296, (5) Exercise: 7, (6)	 8D: Measuring angles 8E: Constructing angles 9A: Digital time 9B: Units of time 9C: Time calculations 11A: Measuring length 11B: Length conversions 11C: Operations with lengths 11D: Perimeter 11E: The perimeter of a square 11F: The perimeter of a rectangle 14B: The area of a rectangle 14B: The area of a rectangle 14C: Other units of area 16B: The volume of a rectangular prism 16C: Other units of volume 17B: Capacity conversions 17C: Measuring with containers 18B: Mass conversions 18C: Measuring mass 19A: Decimal currency 21B: Problem solving 22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit temperature 26D: Rotations

earning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
ppling with understanding					
 describe observations about events and objects in real- life situations use non-standard units of measurement to solve problems in real-life situations involving length, mass and capacity. 	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 5, 6, 14 – 17 Activity: pages 84 – 86, 88, 90, 94 Puzzle: page 87 Chapter 10: Time Exercise: 3, 4 Discussion: page 128 Activity: page 126, 128	Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 4, 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17, 20 – 24 Activity: page 94, 95, 97, 100 – 104, 108, 109 Group Activity: page 95 Puzzle: page 109 Chapter 10: Time Exercise: 2 Discussion: page 153, 154 – 156 Activity: 156	Chapter 6: Length Activity: page 110 Chapter 7: Capacity Exercise: 2 – 4 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 1 Discussion: page 129 Puzzle: page 128 Chapter 13: Time Exercise: 5 – 7 Discussion: page 201	Chapter 8: Time Discussion: page 160 Chapter 13: Area Activity: page 231 Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: 1 – 3 Activity: page 277 Chapter 19: Temperature Discussion: page 287	18C: Measuring mass
	Chapter 10: Time Discussion: page 124		Chapter 6: Length Exercise: 4 Activity: page 110 Chapter 7: Capacity Activity: page 119 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 4 – 6 Activity: page 129, 131 Game: page 131 Chapter 13: Time Exercise: 20 – 23 Activity: page 196	Chapter 8: Time Exercise: 26, 27 Activity: page 162, 171 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: 14, 15, 21, 22 Activity: page 207, 208, 212 – 214 Chapter 17: Capacity Exercise: 2 Activity: page 268, 274 Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: 4 – 7 Chapter 19: Temperature Exercise: 5, 7 Discussion: page 289 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 301 Exercise: 15 – 17 Discussion: page 302 Activity: page 303	 9B: Units of time 9C: Time calculations 9D: 24-hour time 9E: Time lines 9F: Timetables 9G: Time zones 11B: Length conversions 11C: Operations with lengths 17A: Units of capacity 17B: Capacity conversions 17C: Measuring with containers 18A: Units of mass 18B: Mass conversions 18C: Measuring mass 19B: Adding money 19C: Subtracting money 19F: Rounding money 19F: Rounding money 19G: Estimating with money 19H: Budgets 21B: Problem solving 22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Eabronbeit temperature
 hase 3: use standard units of measurement to solve problems in real-life situations involving perimeter, area and volume select appropriate tools and units of measurement use timelines in units of inquiry and other real-life situations. 			Chapter 6: Length Exercise: 6 Activity: page 114	Chapter 8: Time Exercise: 14, 15 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 214 Exercise: 13 Chapter 13: Area Activity: page 235 Chapter 16: Volume Exercise: 7 Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: 8	22B: Fahrenheit temperature8D: Measuring angles8E: Constructing angles9B: Units of time9E: Time lines11A: Measuring length11C: Operations with lengths11D: Perimeter11E: The perimeter of a square11F: The perimeter of a rectangle14B: Area of a rectangle14C: Other units of area16C: Other units of volume17A: Units of capacity18A: Units of mass21B: Problem solving

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 4: select and use appropriate units of measurement and tools to solve problems in real-life situations determine and justify the level of accuracy required to solve real-life problems involving measurement use decimal and fractional notation in measurement, for example, 3.2 cm, 1.47 kg, 1½ miles use timetables and schedules (12-hour and 24-hour clocks) in real-life situations determine times worldwide. 				Chapter 8: Time Exercise: 26, 27 Discussion: page 170 Activity: page 171 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: $6 - 10$, 18, 19 Discussion: page 213 Activity: page 208, 212, 213 Chapter 13: Area Exercise: 9, 10 Chapter 17: Capacity Exercise: $9 - 14$ Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: $11 - 19$ Discussion: page 283 Chapter 19: Temperature Exercise: 6 Chapter 20: Money Exercise: $8 - 14$, $(7 - 13)$ Discussion: page 302 Activity: page 303 Listening Activity: page 299, (8)	 9C: Time calculations 9F: Timetables 9G: Time zones 11A: Measuring length 11B: Length conversions 11C: Operations with lengths 11D: Perimeter 11E: The perimeter of a square 13B: Triangles 13C: Quadrilaterals 13E: Circles 14A: Area 14B: The area of a rectangle 14C: Other units of area 16C: Other units of volume 17B: Capacity conversions 17C: Measuring with containers 18A: Units of mass 18B: Mass conversions 18C: Measuring mass 19A: Decimal currency 19B: Adding money 19C: Subtracting money 19D: Multiplying with money 19E: Dividing money 19G: Estimating with money 19H: Budgets 20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence 21B: Problem solving 22A: Celsius temperature 22B: Fahrenheit temperature
Shape and space					·
Conceptual understandings				_	
 Shapes can be described and organised according to their properties. Objects in our immediate environment have a position in space that can be described according to a point of reference. 	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 1 – 3, 5, 12 Discussion: page 36 Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 55, 56, 62 Exercise: 2 Discussion: page 55	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 4, 7, 8 Discussion: page 37, 41 Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 65, 72	Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 71, 76	Chapter 12: Shape Theory: page 217 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 255	12A: Language13: Shape (Introduction)15: Solids (Introduction)15A: Solids with flat surfaces

Phase 1:	Chapter 2: Position and direction	Chapter 2: Position and direction	Chapter 4: Shape	Chapter 12: Shape
 Shapes can be described and organised according to their properties. Objects in our immediate environment have a position in space that can be described according to a point of reference. 	Discussion: page 36	Exercise: 4, 7, 8 Discussion: page 37, 41 Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 65, 72	Theory: page 71, 76	Theory: page 217 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 255

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4
 Phase 2: Shapes are classified and named according to their properties. Some shapes are made up of parts that repeat in some way. Specific vocabulary can be used to describe an object's position in space. 	Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 57, 64 Exercise: 3, 6, 11, 13, 15 Activity: page 61	Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 66, 73 Exercise: 1, 3, 4, 6, 9 – 11	Chapter 2: Position and direction Discussion: page 37, 44 Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 1 – 3, 7, 8 Discussion: page 77 Activity: page 73 Chapter 10: Data handling Theory: page 158, 160 Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 223, 224, 227, 229	Chapter 12: Shape Theory: page 220 Exercise: 1 – 7 Discussion: page 220 Activity: page 226 Chapter 14: Position Discussion: page 241 Chapter 15: Solids Exercise: 1 – 3 Chapter 22: Transfor Theory: page 319, 32
 Phase 3: Changing the position of a shape does not alter its properties. Shapes can be transformed in different ways. Geometric shapes and vocabulary are useful for representing and describing objects and events in realworld situations. 			Chapter 14: Turns Theory: page 205, 206 Exercise: 1 Discussion: page 208 Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 223 – 225, 227 Discussion: page 226, 227 Activity: page 229, 231 Chapter 17: Transformations	Chapter 9: Turns and Theory: page 175, 17 Discussion: page 178 Chapter 12: Shape Discussion: page 221 Chapter 16: Volume Activity: page 265 Chapter 22: Transfor Theory: page 315, 31 Discussion: page 315
 Manipulation of shape and space takes place for a particular purpose. Consolidating what we know of geometric concepts allows us to make sense of and interact with our world. Geometric tools and methods can be used to solve problems relating to shape and space. 			Activity: page 226, 227, 228, 229, 231	
 Phase 1: understand that 2D and 3D shapes have characteristics that can be described and compared understand that common language can be used to describe position and direction, for example, inside, outside, above, below, next to, behind, in front of, up, down. 	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 1 – 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 Discussion: page 34, 36, 39 Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 55, 57, 64 Exercise: 1 – 8, 11, 12 Discussion: page 55, 61 Listening Activity: page 61	Chapter 1: NumberTheory: page 32Chapter 2: Position and directionExercise: 4, 6 - 8, 10 - 14Discussion: page 37, 38, 41, 45Puzzle: page 46Game: page 43Chapter 4: ShapeTheory: page 65, 66, 73Exercise: 1, 3, 4, 8Listening Activity: page 70	Chapter 2: Position and direction Theory: page 45 Exercise: 5 Discussion: page 37, 38, 44 Revision: page 48 Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 71, 76 Exercise: 1 – 3, 6, 9, 10 Listening Activity: page 75	Chapter 14: Position Discussion: page 241

	PYP 5
e	12A: Language
220 5 ion and direction 241, 243	13A: Polygons 13B: Triangles 13C: Quadrilaterals 13D: Regular polygons 13E: Circles 15A: Solids with flat surfaces
5	15B: Solids with curved surfaces
formations , 322	26C: Line symmetry 26E: Rotational symmetry
and angles , 176, 178 178 e	8A: Lines 8B: Parallel lines 8C: Angles 8E: Constructing angles
221 me	15A: Solids with flat surfaces 15B: Solids with curved surfaces
me 5 , 316 , 318, 319 315, 316	 26: Transformations (Introduction) 26A: Translations 26B: Reflections 26C: Line symmetry 26D: Rotations 26E: Rotational symmetry 26F: Enlargements and reductions
	8A: Lines 8B: Parallel lines
	12D: Compass points
	13E: Circles
	26D: Rotations 26F: Enlargements and reductions
ion and direction 241, 243, 246	1E: Number lines
	12A: Language

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4
 Phase 2: understand that there are relationships among and between 2D and 3D shapes understand that 2D and 3D shapes can be created by putting together and/or taking apart other shapes understand that examples of symmetry and transformations can be found in their immediate environment understand that geometric shapes are useful for representing real-world situations understand that directions can be used to describe pathways, regions, positions and boundaries of their immediate environment. 	Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 62 Exercise: 10, 13 – 16 Discussion: page 58 Puzzle: page 64	Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 72 Exercise: 2 – 6, 9 – 12 Activity: page 71 Puzzle: page 71	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 6 Activity: page 45 Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 76, 80 Exercise: 2 – 4, 7, 8, 13 Discussion: page 77 Activity: page 80 Listening Activity: 75 Puzzle: page 75, 80 Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 223, 224, 229 Discussion: page 223, 225 Activity: page 226, 227, 229, 231	Chapter 12: Shape Theory: page 224 Exercise: 1, 4, 8, 10 - Discussion: page 219 Chapter 14: Position Theory: page 244, 24 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 258 Exercise: 1 – 3, 5 Discussion: page 259 Activity: page 260 Chapter 16: Volume Activity: page 265 Chapter 22: Transfor Theory: page 315, 33
 Phase 3: understand the common language used to describe shapes understand the properties of regular and irregular polygons understand congruent or similar shapes understand that lines and axes of reflective and rotational symmetry assist with the construction of shapes understand an angle as a measure of rotation understand that directions for location can be represented by coordinates on a grid understand that visualisation of shape and space is a strategy for solving problems. 	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 8	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 10 Activity: page 43 Puzzle: page 46	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 4, 6 Activity: page 43, 45 Chapter 14: Turns Activity: page 209 Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 227 Discussion: page 226	Chapter 9: Turns and Theory: page 176, 1 Chapter 12: Shape Theory: page 217, 2 Exercise: 2 – 9 Discussion: page 219 Chapter 14: Position Theory: page 246 Exercise: 7, 12, 13 Activity: page 246, 2 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 255 Exercise: 2 – 4 Discussion: page 256 Chapter 22: Transfor Theory: page 318, 3
 Phase 4: understand the common language used to describe shapes understand the properties of regular and irregular polyhedra understand the properties of circles understand how scale (ratios) is used to enlarge and reduce shapes understand systems for describing position and direction understand that 2D representations of 3D objects can be used to visualise and solve problems understand that geometric ideas and relationships can be used to solve problems in other areas of mathematics and in real life. 			Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 80 Exercise: 13 Activity: page 80 Puzzle: page 80 Chapter 7: Capacity Discussion: page 124	Chapter 14: Position Theory: page 249 Exercise: 9 – 13 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 258 Exercise: 5 Discussion: page 259 Activity: page 257, 2 Chapter 16: Volume Discussion: page 262 Chapter 17: Capacit Exercise: 14

	РҮР 5
e	12A: Language
0 – 13 219, 221, 226	13D: Regular polygons 13F: Composite figures
ion and direction , 246 s	14A: Area15A: Solids with flat surfaces15B: Solids with curved surfaces15C: Constructing solids
259 ne formations , 316, 318, 319, 322	 26A: Translations 26B: Reflections 26C: Line symmetry 26D: Rotations 26E: Rotational symmetry 26F: Enlargements and reductions
and angles , 178 e , 220	8: Lines and angles (Introduction) 8C: Angles 8D: Measuring angles 8E: Constructing angles
219 ion and direction	12A: Language 12B: Grid references 12C: Finding points
, <mark>252</mark>	13C: Quadrilaterals 13D: Regular polygons 13F: Composite figures
S	14A: Area
256 formations , 319	17A: Units of capacity 26B: Reflections 26C: Line symmetry 26E: Rotational symmetry
ion and direction	8: Lines and angles (Introduction) 8A: Lines 8B: Parallel lines
S	12D: Compass points 12E: Scale
259 7, 259, 260 ne 261 city	 13: Shape (Introduction) 13A: Polygons 13B: Triangles 13C: Quadrilaterals 13D: Regular polygons 13E: Circles
city	15: Solids (Introduction) 15A: Solids with flat surfaces 15B: Solids with curved surfaces 15C: Constructing solids
	16A: Volume 26C: Line symmetry 26F: Enlargements and reductions

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	РҮР 5
Transferring meaning into symbols					
 Phase 1: sort, describe and compare 3D shapes describe position and direction, for example, inside, outside, above, below, next to, behind, in front of, up, down. 	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 4, 11 Discussion: page 34, 39 Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 16 Activity: page 65	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 30, 31 Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 2, 5, 9, 10, 14 Discussion: page 38, 45 Puzzle: page 39, 46 Game: page 43 Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 11 Activity: page 74	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 1 – 3, 5 Discussion: page 38 Activity: page 41	Chapter 14: Position and direction Exercise: 1, 2	12A: Language
 Phase 2: sort, describe and label 2D and 3D shapes analyse and describe the relationships between 2D and 3D shapes create and describe symmetrical and tessellating patterns identify lines of reflective symmetry represent ideas about the real world using geometric vocabulary and symbols, for example, through oral description, drawing, modelling, labelling interpret and create simple directions, describing paths, regions, positions and boundaries of their immediate environment. 	Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 7 – 12, 14 – 16 Discussion: page 61, 63 Activity: page 61, 65, 66 Listening Activity: page 61 Puzzle: page 64 Chapter 6: Measurement Activity: page 89	Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 5 – 8, 10 – 12 Activity: page 67, 69, 71, 74 Listening Activity: page 70 Puzzle: page 70, 71 Chapter 6: Measurement Exercise: 12 Activity: page 99 Chapter 12: Chance Discussion: page 160	Chapter 2: Position and directionExercise: 6Activity: page 45Chapter 4: ShapeTheory: page 80Exercise: 4 - 6, 8, 10 - 13Discussion: page 77Activity: page 73, 79, 80Listening Activity: page 75Puzzle: page 75, 80Chapter 6: LengthActivity: page 110Chapter 14: TurnsActivity: page 209Chapter 16: ChanceExercise: 9Chapter 17: TransformationsTheory: page 223, 224, 227, 229Exercise: 4 - 6Discussion: page 228 - 231Puzzle: page 227	Chapter 12: Shape Theory: page 224 Exercise: 1, $10 - 13$ Chapter 13: Area Exercise: 4, 5 Chapter 14: Position and direction Theory: page 248 Exercise: 3, 6, 7, 12, 13 Discussion: page 248 Activity: page 246, 252 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 258 Exercise: $1 - 5$ Discussion: page 259 Activity: page 259, 260 Chapter 22: Transformations Theory: page 315, 316, 318, 319, 322 Exercise: $5 - 8$ Discussion: page 320 Activity: page 321 - 323	 12A: Language 12B: Grid references 12E: Scale 13A: Polygons 13F: Composite figures 15A: Solids with flat surfaces 15B: Solids with curved surfaces 15C: Constructing solids 26A: Translations 26B: Reflections 26C: Line symmetry 26D: Rotations 26E: Rotational symmetry
 Phase 3: sort, describe and model regular and irregular polygons describe and model congruency and similarity in 2D shapes analyse angles by comparing and describing rotations: whole turn; half turn; quarter turn; north, south, east and west on a compass locate features on a grid using coordinates describe and/or represent mental images of objects, patterns, and paths. 			Chapter 14: Turns Theory: page 205, 206 Exercise: 1 – 7 Discussion: page 208 Game: page 209 Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 223 – 225 Exercise: 1 – 3 Discussion: page 223, 226 Activity: page 224, 225	Chapter 9: Turns and angles Theory: page 175, 176, 178 Exercise: 1, 2 Chapter 12: Shape Activity: page 225, 226 Chapter 15: Solids Activity: page 257 Chapter 22: Transformations Theory: page 315, 316, 318 Exercise: 1 – 4 Discussion: page 317 Activity: page 316, 319	 8C: Angles 12B: Grid references 12C: Finding points 12D: Compass points 12D: Compass points 12E: Scale 13D: Regular polygons 13F: Composite figures 15A: Solids with flat surfaces 15B: Solids with curved surfaces 26A: Translations 26B: Reflections 26D: Rotations 26F: Enlargements and reductions

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4
 Phase 4: analyse, describe, classify and visualise 2D (including circles, triangles and quadrilaterals) and 3D shapes, using geometric vocabulary describe lines and angles using geometric vocabulary identify and use scale (ratios) to enlarge and reduce shapes identify and use the language and notation of bearing to describe direction and position create and model how a 2D net converts into a 3D shape and vice versa explore the use of geometric ideas and relationships to solve problems in other areas of mathematics. 			Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 80 Exercise: 13 Activity: page 80 Puzzle: page 80	Chapter 9: Turns and Theory: page 176 – 1 Exercise: 3, 4, 7, 8 Discussion: page 178 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 258 Exercise: 5 Discussion: page 259 Activity: page 259, 26

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 4: analyse, describe, classify and visualise 2D (including circles, triangles and quadrilaterals) and 3D shapes, using geometric vocabulary describe lines and angles using geometric vocabulary identify and use scale (ratios) to enlarge and reduce shapes identify and use the language and notation of bearing to describe direction and position create and model how a 2D net converts into a 3D shape and vice versa explore the use of geometric ideas and relationships to solve problems in other areas of mathematics. 			Chapter 4: Shape Theory: page 80 Exercise: 13 Activity: page 80 Puzzle: page 80	Chapter 9: Turns and angles Theory: page 176 – 178 Exercise: 3, 4, 7, 8 Discussion: page 178 Chapter 15: Solids Theory: page 258 Exercise: 5 Discussion: page 259 Activity: page 259, 260	 8: Lines and angles (Introduction) 8A: Lines 8B: Parallel lines 8C: Angles 8D: Measuring angles 8E: Constructing angles 12D: Compass points 12E: Scale 13B: Triangles 13C: Quadrilaterals 13E: Circles 15A: Solids with flat surfaces 15B: Solids with curved surfaces 15C: Constructing solids 26F: Enlargements and reductions
Applying with understanding					
 Phase 1: explore and describe the paths, regions and boundaries of their immediate environment (inside, outside, above, below) and their position (next to, behind, in front of, up, down). 	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 4, 6, 8, 9, 11 Discussion: page 40 Activity: page 37, 38	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 1 – 3, 5, 9, 10, 14 Discussion: page 45 Activity: page 43 Puzzle: page 39, 46	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 1 – 4 Discussion: page 38, 42, 44 Activity: page 40, 41, 43 Puzzle: page 38	Chapter 14: Position and direction Exercise: 1 – 4	12A: Language
 Phase 2: analyse and use what they know about 3D shapes to describe and work with 2D shapes recognise and explain simple symmetrical designs in the environment apply knowledge of symmetry to problem-solving situations interpret and use simple directions, describing paths, regions, positions and boundaries of their immediate environment. 	Chapter 4: Shape Activity: page 66	Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 5 Activity: page 69, 71 Puzzle: page 71 Chapter 6: Measurement Activity: page 99 Chapter 12: Chance Discussion: page 160	Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 6 Activity: page 45 Chapter 4: Shape Puzzle: page 75 Chapter 14: Turns Activity: page 209 Chapter 16: Chance Exercise: 9 Chapter 17: Transformations Exercise: 1 – 3 Activity: page 225, 228, 229 Discussion: page 223	Chapter 9: Turns and angles Theory: page 175 Chapter 14: Position and direction Theory: page 244, 248 Exercise: 5, 7, 8, 12, 13 Discussion: page 248 Activity: page 252 Chapter 21: Probability Exercise: 8 Chapter 22: Transformation Exercise: 1 – 7 Discussion: page 317, 320 Activity: page 319, 321	12A: Language 12B: Grid references 12E: Scale 26A: Translations 26B: Reflections 26C: Line symmetry 26D: Rotations 26E: Rotational symmetry
 Phase 3: analyse and describe 2D and 3D shapes, including regular and irregular polygons, using geometrical vocabulary identify, describe and model congruency and similarity in 2D shapes recognise and explain symmetrical patterns, including tessellation, in the environment apply knowledge of transformations to problem-solving situations. 			Chapter 17: Transformations Exercise: 1 – 3, 5 Discussion: page 223, 226 Activity: page 224, 225, 231 Puzzle: page 227	Chapter 9: Turns and angles Theory: page 177 Exercise: 5, 6, 8 Activity: page 177, 180 Puzzle: page 181 Chapter 12: Shape Theory: page 220 Exercise: 2 – 8 Discussion: page 220 Activity: page 220 – 222 Chapter 22: Transformations Exercise: 1 – 4 Discussion: page 316, 317 Activity: page 316, 319, 323	 8A: Lines 8B: Parallel lines 8C: Angles 8D: Measuring angles 8E: Constructing angles 13D: Regular polygons 26A: Translations 26B: Reflections 26C: Line symmetry 26D: Rotations 26E: Rotational symmetry 26F: Enlargements and reductions

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 4: use geometric vocabulary when describing shape and space in mathematical situations and beyond use scale (ratios) to enlarge and reduce shapes apply the language and notation of bearing to describe direction and position use 2D representations of 3D objects to visualise and solve problems, for example using drawings or models. 				Exercise: 2, 3	 8A: Lines 8B: Parallel lines 8C: Angles 8E: Constructing angles 15C: Constructing solids 16A: Volume 16B: The volume of a rectangular prise 16C: Other units of volume 21B: Problem solving 26F: Enlargements and reductions

Pattern and function

Conceptual understandings

Phase 1:Patterns and sequences occur in everyday situations.	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 24	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 14, 15	Chapter 17: Transformations Discussion: page 223		20: Number sequences (Introduction)
Patterns repeat and grow.		Chapter 6: Measurement Discussion: page 92			
Phase 2:Whole numbers exhibit patterns and relationships that	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 28	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 14, 15	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 12	Chapter 3: Subtraction Exercise: 8, 10, 12	1E: Number lines 20: Number sequences (Introduction)
 can be observed and described. Patterns can be represented using numbers and other symbols. 	Activity: page 24 Chapter 3: Addition	Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 56	Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 5		20. Number sequences (introduction)
Symbols.	Theory: page 50 Exercise: 19, 20 Discussion: page 50	vercise: 19, 20 Discussion: page 54	Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 13, 19, 21		
	Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 72 Exercise: 11	Chapter 5: Subtractioner 5: Subtractionr: page 72Exercise: 9, 18, 19	Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 223, 224		
 Phase 3: Functions are relationships or rules that uniquely associate members of one set with members of another set. By analysing patterns and identifying rules for patterns it is possible to make predictions. 					20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
 Phase 4: Patterns can often be generalised using algebraic expressions, equations or functions. Exponential notation is a powerful way to express repeated products of the same number. 					
Constructing meaning					
Phase 1: • understand that patterns can be found in everyday			Chapter 17: Transformations Activity: page 231	Chapter 22: Transformations Activity: page 323	20: Number sequences (Introduction) 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence

Phase 1	:	Chapter 17: Transformations	Chapter 22: Transform
•	understand that patterns can be found in everyday	Activity: page 231	Activity: page 323
	situations, for example, sounds, actions, objects, nature.		

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 2: understand that patterns can be found in numbers, for example, odd and even numbers, skip counting understand the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction understand the associative and commutative properties of addition. 	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 28 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 19, 22, 26 Discussion: page 50 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 70 Exercise: 23 Practical Activity: page 69 Chapter 11: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 14, 15 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 17, 18, 25, 26 Discussion: page 54 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 77 Exercise: 25 Practical Activity: page 77 Chapter 7: Multiplication Exercise: 9, 10 Discussion: page 113, 115 Chapter 11: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 12 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 7, 28 Discussion: page 57 Puzzle: page 51 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 84 Chapter 9: Multiplication Theory: page 142 Exercise: 15 Chapter 15: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 2: Addition Exercise: 3 Puzzle: page 24 Chapter 3: Subtraction Theory: page 43 Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 62 Exercise: 27 Chapter 6: Division Exercise: 13	
 Phase 3: understand that patterns can be analysed and rules identified understand that multiplication is repeated addition and that division is repeated subtraction understand the inverse relationship between multiplication and division understand the associative and commutative properties of multiplication. 	Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 95 Exercise: 1 – 6, 10 Discussion: page 102	Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 111, 115, 117 Exercise: 1, 6, 9 – 13 Activity: page 121	Chapter 9: Multiplication Theory: page 133 Exercise: 1 – 4, 6 – 8 Discussion: page 136 Chapter 11: Division Theory: page 168, 170 Discussion: page 169	Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 61, 65, 66 Exercise: 1, 2, 14, 15, 28 Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 105, 116 Exercise: 2 Activity: page 114 Chapter 7: Fractions Exercise: 19, 20, 33, 34 Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 167 Chapter 10: Decimal numbers Exercise: 39 Discussion: page 197	 4: Multiplication (Introduction) 4A: The multiplication table 4C: Multiplying by 10, 100, and 1000 5A: Dividing equally 6A: Rounding to the nearest ten 6B: Rounding to the nearest hundred 6C: Rounding to the nearest thousand 11E: The perimeter of a square 11F: The perimeter of a rectangle 20: Number sequences (Introduction) 20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
 Phase 4: understand that patterns can be generalised by a rule understand exponents as repeated multiplication understand the inverse relationship between exponents and roots understand that patterns can be represented, analysed and generalised using tables, graphs, words, and, when possible, symbolic rules. Transferring meaning into symbols 					4G: Exponents 4H: Squares and square roots 6C: Rounding to the nearest thousand 10A: Decimal numbers 10F: Multiplying by 10 and 100 10G: Dividing by 10 and 100 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
 Phase 1: describe patterns in various ways, for example, using words, drawings, symbols, materials, actions, numbers. 	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 27 Activity: page 24 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 17 Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 20 Chapter 7: Multiplication Exercise: 9 Discussion: page 102	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 29 Activity: page 14, 15 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 14 Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise 23	Chapter 3: Addition Discussion: page 55, 57, 58		

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	PYP 5
Phase 2:represent patterns in a variety of ways, for example, using		Chapter 7: Multiplication Discussion: page 113, 115	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 12	Chapter 2: Addition Exercise: 23	
 words, drawings, symbols, materials, actions, numbers describe number patterns, for example, odd and even 			Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 30	Chapter 3: Subtraction Exercise: 20	
numbers, skip counting.			Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 23	Chapter 4: Multiplication Exercise: 21	
			Chapter 9: Multiplication Exercise: 5	Discussion: page 67 Chapter 6: Division	
			Chapter 17: Transformations Theory: page 223, 224, 229	Exercise: 20 Chapter 22: Transformations Theory: page 322	
 Phase 3: describe the rule for a pattern in a variety of ways represent rules for patterns using words, symbols and tables identify a sequence of operations relating one set of numbers to another set. 					20: Number sequences (Introduction) 20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
Phase 4:represent the rule of a pattern by using a function					11E: The perimeter of a square 11F: The perimeter of a rectangle
 analyse pattern and function using words, tables and graphs, and, when possible, symbolic rules. 					14B: The area of a rectangle
graphs, and, when possible, symbolic rules.					16B: The volume of a rectangular prism
					20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
					22B: Fahrenheit temperature
Applying with understanding					
Phase 1:extend and create patterns.	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 26	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 28	Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 8, 16, 17	Chapter 2: Addition Exercise: 5	
	Chapter 3: Addition Exercises: 24, 29	Chapter 3: Addition Exercise 29	Chapter 17: Transformations Exercise: 1, 2, 6	Chapter 22: Transformations Exercise: 8	
	Chapter 4: Shape Activity: page 61		Activity: page 224, 230, 231 Discussion: page 223	Activity: page 323	
	Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 12, 13, 17, 21, 25, 26 Activity: page 75				
 Phase 2: extend and create patterns in numbers, for example, odd 	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 28	Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 13	Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 31	Chapter 2: Addition Exercise: 24	20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
 and even numbers, skip counting use number patterns to represent and understand real- life situations 	Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 16	Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 5, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 20, 22, 25, 26	Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 3 – 5, 15, 17, 20, 22 Discussion: page 94	Chapter 3: Subtraction Exercise: 2 – 4, 9, 19 Class Activity: page 44	
 use the properties and relationships of addition and subtraction to solve problems. 	Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 6, 10, 16, 19, 23 Chapter 11: Money	Chapter 11: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 9: Multiplication Challenge: page 145	Chapter 6: Division Exercise: 21	
	Exercise: 1		Chapter 15: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 20: Money Activity: page 303	
 Phase 3: select appropriate methods for representing patterns, for 			Chapter 9: Multiplication Exercise: 8	Chapter 4: Multiplication Exercise: 10	5A: Dividing equally 5B: Dividing by 10, 100, and 1000
 example using words, symbols and tables use number patterns to make predictions and solve problems use the properties and relationships of the four operations to solve problems. 			Listening Activity: page 137 Chapter 11: Division Exercise: 5 – 7 Puzzle: page 171	Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 109 Exercise: 3 – 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 22 Discussion: page 107 Activity: page 114 Puzzle: page 108	5C: Remainders 20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4
 Phase 4: select appropriate methods to analyse patterns and identify rules use functions to solve problems. 				
Number				

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 4: select appropriate methods to analyse patterns and 					7G: Fractions which add up to one whole
identify rulesuse functions to solve problems.					20B: Finding a rule for a sequence
					22B: Fahrenheit temperature
Number					
Conceptual understandings					
Phase 1:	Chapter 1: Number	Chapter 1: Number	Chapter 1: Number	Chapter 1: Number	1B: Millions
 Numbers are a naming system. Numbers can be used in many ways for different purposes in the real world. Numbers are connected to each other through a variety 	Theory: page 15, 21, 25 Exercise: 1, 2, 6 – 8, 11 – 13, 16, 19, 29 Discussion: page 25 Activity: page 9, 11, 18	Theory: page 11, 13, 27, 29, 33 Exercise: 1, 2, 4, 11 – 13, 15 – 17, 19, 20, 33 Discussion: page 13	Theory: page 7, 30 Exercise: 1 – 4, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 18, 22, 23, 40 Discussion: page 8, 8	Theory: page 12 Exercise: 7, 10, 11, 16, 17, 19 Activity: page 13 Listening Activity: page 20	6: Rounding numbers (Introduction)6D: Estimation problems10A: Decimal numbers
 Numbers are connected to each other through a variety of relationships. Making connections between our experiences with number can help us to develop number sense. 	Listening Activity: page 8, 13, 17 Group Activity: page 32 Practical Activity: page 9, 11, 18, 31 Extra assistance: page 12, 16	Activity: page 7, 22 Listening Activity: page 33 Group Activity: page 29 Practical Activity: page 28	Activity: page 20 Listening Activity: page 9, 30 Puzzle: page 23 Extra practice: page 9, 22	Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 70 Chapter 10: Decimal numbers	
	Chapter 7: Multiplication Discussion: page 101	Extra practice: page 10 Extra assistance: page 10	Worksheet: page 7 Chapter 5: Subtraction	Theory: page 183, 194 Exercise: 1, 2, 7	
	Chapter 9: Division Discussion: page 109	Chapter 9: Division Discussion: page 131	Discussion: page 87		

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 2: The base 10 place value system is used to represent numbers and number relationships. Fractions are ways of representing whole-part relationships. The operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division are related to each other and are used to process information to solve problems. Number operations can be modelled in a variety of ways. There are many mental methods that can be applied for exact and approximate computations. 	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 20, 21 Exercise: 15 – 18, 30, 31 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 41, 47, 51 Exercise: 3, 4, 26, 27 Practical Activity: page 42 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 67, 68, 70, 72, 78, 79 Exercise: 2, 4, 6, 9, 10, 12, 21, 23 Practical Activity: page 69 Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 95 Exercise: 1 – 6, 9, 10 Discussion: page 101, 102 Chapter 9: Division Theory: page 109, 111, 114, 116 Exercise: 7, 13, 15 Discussion: page 112	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page: 12, 13, 19 Exercise: $6 - 10, 12 - 14, 17, 18, 21, 24$ Discussion: page 25 Group Activity: page 26 Game: page 25 Practical Activity: page 32 Extra practice: page 23 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 47, 51 Exercise: 9, 24, 26, 27 Practical Activity: page 48 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 75, 77, 79, 86, 87 Exercise: 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 14, 16, 19, 25 Practical Activity: page 77 Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 111, 117 Exercise: 1 - 7, 9 - 13 Discussion: page 113, 115 Activity: page 121 Chapter 9: Division Theory: page 131, 134 - 136, 138 Exercise: 4, 7, 12, 15, 16 Discussion: page 134, 137	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 10, 11, 14, 20, 28, 29 Exercise: $6 - 8$, $10 - 12$, $15 - 17$, 21 , 23 , 25, $33 - 35$, 38 , $39Listening Activity: page 20, 32Challenge: page 32Extra practice: page 18, 24Chapter 3: AdditionTheory: page 49, 50Exercise: 6, 12, 27Discussion: page 53, 55, 57, 58Practical Activity: page 50Chapter 5: SubtractionTheory: page 83, 84, 86, 93, 94Exercise: 3 - 7, 11 - 13, 15, 19 - 21Discussion: page 90Chapter 6: LengthExercise: 7 - 9Chapter 7: CapacityExercise: 7Chapter 8: MassExercise: 2Chapter 9: MultiplicationTheory: page 133, 143, 145Exercise: 1 - 7, 9, 23Discussion: page 138Challenge: page 145Chapter 11: DivisionTheory: page 170Chapter 12: FractionsTheory: page 173 - 178Exercise: 2, 6$	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 7, 9, 12, 14, 16 – 18 Exercise: 1 – 6, 8, 9, 12 – 15, 30, 31 Discussion: page 7 Listening Activity: page 20 Puzzle: page 11, 19 Game: page 12 Chapter 2: Addition Theory: page 33 Exercise: 1, 2, 4, 40 Discussion: page 26, 29 Group Activity: page 30 Chapter 3: Subtraction Theory: page 43, 45 Exercise: 1 – 5, 8, 9, 12 Discussion: page 47, 55 Class Activity: page 44 Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 61, 65, 66, 73 Exercise: 13, 21, 25 – 27 Discussion: page 65 Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 103, 109, 116 Exercise: 7, 11 – 13, 22, 23 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 125, 129, 140 Exercise: 1 Chapter 10: Decimal numbers Theory: page 183, 185, 187, 191, 194 – 196 Exercise: 12, 24, 29, 32, 33, 40, 41 Discussion: page 184, 196 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: 3 Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: 9, 10, 13 Chapter 20: Money Exercise: 5, (5)	 1A: Place value 1B: Millions 2A: Mental addition 3: Subtraction (Introduction) 3A: Mental subtraction 4: Multiplication (Introduction) 4C: Multiplying by 10, 100, and 1000 4D: Column multiplication 4E: Long multiplication 5A: Dividing equally 5B: Dividing by 10, 100, and 1000 5D: Dividing by 10, 100, and 1000 5D: Dividing by larger numbers 6A: Rounding to the nearest ten 6B: Rounding to the nearest thousand 6D: Estimation problems 7A: Fractions 7B: Finding a fraction of a quantity 7C: Fractions on a number line 10A: Decimal numbers 10C: Ordering decimal numbers 10E: Subtracting decimal numbers 10F: Multiplying by 10 and 100 10G: Dividing by 10 and 100 18B: Mass conversions

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
Phase 3:The base 10 place value system can be extended to		Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 61	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 22	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 12	1B: Millions 1C: Comparing numbers
 represent magnitude. Fractions and decimals are ways of representing whole-part relationships. The operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division are related to each other and are used to process information to solve problems. Even complex operations can be modelled in a variety of ways, for example, an algorithm is a way to represent an operation. 		Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 88	Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 62, 64 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 96, 98 Chapter 11: Division Theory: page 168, 169, 170 Exercise: 4, 5, 7 Discussion: page 169 Practical Activity: page 167	Chapter 2: Addition Theory: page 34 – 36 Chapter 3: Subtraction Theory: page 52, 54 Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 61, 76, 77 Exercise: 1, 2 Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 105, 117 – 119 Exercise: 2, 4, 5, 7 Discussion: page 107 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 132 Chapter 10: Decimal numbers Theory: page 183, 185, 187, 188, 192 – 196 Exercise: 24, 29, 40, 41 Discussion: page 196 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 296, (5) Exercise: 7, (6)	 2B: Column addition 3B: Column subtraction 4: Multiplication (Introduction) 4D: Column multiplication 4E: Long multiplication 5D: Dividing larger numbers 5F: Factors 10A: Decimal numbers 10B: Decimal numbers on a number line 10D: Adding decimal numbers 10E: Subtracting decimal numbers 19A: Decimal currency
 Phase 4: The base 10 place value system extends infinitely in two directions. Fractions, decimal fractions and percentages are ways of representing whole-part relationships. For fractional and decimal computation, the ideas developed for whole-number computation can apply. Ratios are a comparison of two numbers or quantities. 					 10A: Decimal numbers 10D: Adding decimal numbers 10E: Subtracting decimal numbers 10F: Multiplying by 10 and 100 10G: Dividing by 10 and 100 10H: Multiplying decimals by a whole number 10I: Dividing decimals by a whole number 19F: Rounding money 23A: Percentage

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	РҮР 5
Constructing meaning		1			
 Phase 1: understand one-to-one correspondence understand that, for a set of objects, the number name of the last object counted describes the quantity of the whole set understand that numbers can be constructed in multiple ways, for example, by combining and partitioning understand conservation of number understand the relative magnitude of whole numbers recognise groups of zero to five objects without counting (subitising) understand whole-part relationships use the language of mathematics to compare quantities, for example, more, less, first, second. 	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 15, 20, 25, 28 Exercise: 1, 2, 4, 9, 10, 14 – 18, 20 – 27, 30, 31 Discussion: page 25, 27 Activity: page 18, 24 Listening Activity: page 8, 13, 17 Game: page 17 Practical Activity: page 11 Extra practice: page 10 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 47 Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 5 Chapter 9: Division Theory: page 109, 111, 114 Exercise: 5 – 7, 11 – 13 Discussion: page 112	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 11, 12, 29, 31 – 33 Exercise: 5 – 10, 14, 18, 25 – 32 Discussion: page 30 Activity: page 15 Puzzle: page 26 Game: page 25 Practical Activity: page 32 Extra practice: page 19 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 51, 55, 63 Exercise: 15, 19, 20 Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 21 Chapter 9: Division Theory: page 131, 134, 136, 138 Exercise: 6, 7, 12 Discussion: page 134	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 10, 11, 25, 27, 29 Exercise: 5 - 8, 12, 17, 21, 26 - 30, 37 Activity: page 12 Listening Activity: page 9 Puzzle: page 24 Challenge: page 32 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 60 Chapter 5: Subtraction Discussion: page 87 Chapter 9: Multiplication Exercise: 6, 7 Chapter 11: Division Theory: page 165 Chapter 12: Fractions Theory: page 173, 176 - 178 Exercise: 1, 2, 6	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 15, 18 Exercise: 21, 22 Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 65 Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 103 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 125 Exercise: 1	 1C: Comparing numbers 1D: Ordering numbers 1E: Number lines 6A: Rounding to the nearest ten 6B: Rounding to the nearest hundred 6C: Rounding to the nearest thousand 7: Fractions (Introduction) 10A: Decimal numbers
 Phase 2: model numbers to hundreds or beyond using the base 10 place value system estimate quantities to 100 or beyond model simple fraction relationships use the language of addition and subtraction, for example, add, take away, plus, minus, sum, difference model addition and subtraction of whole numbers develop strategies for memorising addition and subtraction number facts estimate sums and differences understand situations that involve multiplication and division model addition and subtraction of fractions with the same denominator. 	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 20, 21 Exercise: $15 - 17$, 30 Practical Activity: page 31 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 41, 47, 51 Exercise: $1 - 15$, 18, 21, 22, 26, 27, 29 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 67, 68, 70, 78, 79 Exercise: $1 - 9$, $13 - 17$, 22 , $24 - 28$ Discussion: page 71 Activity: page 75 Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 95 Exercise: $1 - 7$, 9, 10 Discussion: page 101, 102 Chapter 9: Division Theory: 109, 114, 116 Exercise: 1, 2, $8 - 10$, $14 - 17$ Activity: page 110, 113 Chapter 11: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 12, 13, 27 Exercise: $7 - 9$, $12 - 14$, 17 , 18 , $22 - 24$ Group Activity: page 26 Game: page 25 Practical Activity: page 28 Extra practice: page 23 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 47, 51, 61, 63 Exercise: $1 - 12$, 15, 16, 18, $24 - 27$, 29 - 32, $34 - 37Discussion: page 47, 53Puzzle: page 59Chapter 5: SubtractionTheory: page 75, 77, 86 - 88Exercise: 1 - 7, 10 - 14, 16 - 20, 24, 26- 33Discussion: page 75Listening Activity: page 84Chapter 7: MultiplicationTheory: page 111, 115, 117Exercise: 1 - 7, 11 - 13, 16Discussion: page 121Chapter 9: DivisionTheory: page 131, 135Exercise: 1 - 5, 8 - 11, 13 - 19Discussion: page 137Activity: page 140Chapter 11: MoneyExercise: 1$	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 11, 20. 28 Exercise: 7, 10 – 12, 16, 17, 19, 20 Extra practice: page 18 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 49, 50, 62, 64, 67 Exercise: 1 – 4, 6 – 11, 13 – 26, 28, 32 – 39 Discussion: page 49, 55, 57, 58 Puzzle: page 51 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 83, 84, 86, 93, 94, 96, 98 Exercise: 1 – 21, 24 – 34 Discussion: page 83, 87, 94 Listening Activity: page 96 Puzzle: page 88, 100 Chapter 9: Multiplication Theory: page 133, 143, 145 Exercise: 1 – 7, 9, 20, 23 Discussion: page 138 Listening Activity: page 137 Challenge: page 145 Chapter 11: Division Theory: page 165, 166 Exercise: 1 – 4, 8 Chapter 12: Fractions Theory: page 175, 180, 183 Exercise: 3, 5, 7 – 13, 15 – 21 Discussion: page 174 Chapter 15: Money Exercise: 1	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 16, 17 Exercise: 1 Chapter 2: Addition Theory: page 34, 35, 36, 38 Exercise: $1 - 22$, 27, $29 - 39$ Discussion: page 26, 29 Listening Activity: page 33 Group Activity: page 30 Puzzle: page 24 Chapter 3: Subtraction Theory: page 43, 45, 52, 54 Exercise: $1 - 18$, $21 - 30$ Discussion: page 47, 55 Listening Activity: page 49 Puzzle: page 47 Class Activity: page 44 Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 68 Exercise: 16 , $25 - 27$ Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 103, 110 Exercise: 1 , 2 , $10 - 19$ Puzzle: page 113 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 127, 129, 130, 134, 138 Exercise: $2 - 4$, $7 - 11$, $13 - 16$, $21 - 28$ Discussion: page 137 Chapter 9: Turns and angles Theory: page 176 Exercise: 2	 2: Addition (Introduction) 2A: Mental addition 2B: Column addition 2C: Addition problems 3: Subtraction (Introduction) 3A: Mental subtraction 3B: Column subtraction 3C: Subtraction problems 5A: Dividing equally 5C: Remainders 5E: Division problems 6: Rounding numbers (Introduction) 6A: Rounding to the nearest ten 6B: Rounding to the nearest hundred 6C: Rounding to the nearest thousand 6D: Estimation problems 7A: Fractions 7B: Finding a fraction of a quantity 7C: Fractions which add up to one whole 7H: Adding and subtracting fractions

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 3: model numbers to thousands or beyond using the base 10 place value system model equivalent fractions use the language of fractions, for example, numerator, denominator model decimal fractions to hundredths or beyond model multiplication and division of whole numbers use the language of multiplication and division, for example, factor, multiple, product, quotient, prime numbers, composite number model addition and subtraction of fractions with related denominators model addition and subtraction of decimals. 	Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 95 Exercise: 1 – 6, 9, 10 Discussion: page 101, 102 Chapter 9: Division Theory: page 109 Exercise: 1, 2	Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 111, 115, 117 Exercise: 1 – 13 Activity: page 121 Chapter 9: Division Theory: page 131 Exercise: 1 – 5,18 Discussion: page 137	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 21, 23, 24 Challenge: page 32 Chapter 9: Multiplication Theory: 133, 138, 141, 143, 145 Exercise: 1 – 7, 9 – 13, 15, 16 Discussion: page 138 Chapter 11: Division Theory: page 165, 166, 168 Exercise: 1 – 5 Discussion: page 170 Practical Activity: page 167 Chapter 12: Fractions Theory: page 174 Exercise: 4, 19	Chapter 1: NumberTheory: page 7, 12, 14Exercise: 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15, 18 – 20Listening Activity: page 20Puzzle: page 11Game: page 12Chapter 4: MultiplicationTheory: page 61, 65, 66, 68 – 70, 72, 73, 76, 77Exercise: 3, 5, 7, 8, 13, 17 – 24, 29, 31 – 33Discussion: page 65Activity: page 71Listening Activity: page 71Puzzle: page 70Chapter 6: DivisionTheory: page 103, 109, 110, 113, 116 – 119Exercise: 1, 2, 7, 14 – 16, 18 – 25, 27, 28Activity: page 113Chapter 7: FractionsTheory: page 125, 132, 145, 149Exercise: page 2, 3, 17 – 20, 23, 29 – 34, 40, 41Discussion: page 140, 142, 143Activity: page 141Chapter 10: Decimal numbersTheory: page 188, 189, 192, 193, 196Exercise: 5, 6, 13 – 18, 22 – 24, 26 – 29, 35, 36, 40, 41Chapter 20: MoneyActivity: page 303	 4A: The multiplication table 4B: Multiples 4C: Multiplying by 10, 100, and 1000 4D: Column multiplication 4E: Long multiplication 5A: Dividing equally 5B: Dividing by 10, 100, and 1000 5C: Remainders 5D: Dividing larger numbers 5F: Factors 6: Rounding numbers (Introduction) 6A: Rounding to the nearest ten 6B: Rounding to the nearest thousand 7A: Fractions 7D: Equal fractions 7E: Finding equal fractions 7F: Lowest terms 7I: Proper and improper fractions 10A: Decimal numbers

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	PYP 5
Phase 4:				Chapter 7: Fractions	1B: Millions
 model numbers to millions or beyond using the base 10 place value system 				Theory: page 145, 146 Exercise: 35 – 41	4G: Exponents 4H: Squares and square roots
 model ratios model integers in appropriate contexts model exponents and square roots 				Chapter 10: Decimal numbers Theory: page 183, 185, 187, 188, 194, 196	7E: Finding equal fractions 7I: Proper and improper fractions
 model improper fractions and mixed numbers simplify fractions using manipulatives model decimal fractions to thousandths or beyond model percentages understand the relationship between fractions, decimals and percentages model addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of fractions model addition, subtraction, multiplication and division 				Exercise: 1, 3 – 13, 15 – 17, 31 – 35, 39 Discussion: page 184, 196	 10A: Decimal numbers 10B: Decimal numbers on a number li 10D: Adding decimal numbers 10E: Subtracting decimal numbers 10F: Multiplying by 10 and 100 10G: Dividing by 10 and 100 10H: Multiplying decimals by a whole number 10I: Dividing decimals by a whole number
of decimals.					 14A: Area 23A: Percentage 23B: Converting percentages into fractions 23C: Converting fractions into percentages 23D: Converting percentages into decimals 23E: Converting decimals into percentages
Transferring meaning into symbols	1	-			
 Phase 1: connect number names and numerals to the quantities they represent. 	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 21 Exercise: 1 – 3, 5 – 7, 11, 12, 31 Activity: page 11, 19, 21, 30 Listening Activity: page 8, 13, 17 Group Activity: page 32 Game: page 17 Extra practice: page 10	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 1 – 4, 12, 13, 17 Activity: page 18 Practical Activity: page 32 Extra practice: page 7, 8, 23 Extra assistance: page 10	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 1 – 4 Extra practice: page 9		

Extra assistance: page 12, 16

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 2: read and write whole numbers up to hundreds or beyond read, write, compare and order cardinal and ordinal numbers describe mental and written strategies for adding and subtracting two-digit numbers. 	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 25 Exercise: 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 29 Discussion: page 25, 27	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 29, 33 Exercise: 11, 15, 16, 19 – 24, 26, 27, 30 – 33 Discussion: page 30, 35 Activity: page 22, 35, 36 Listening Activity: page 25, 33 Puzzle: page 26 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 55, 61, 63 Exercise: 19, 20, 30 – 37 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 88 Exercise: 21, 30 – 33	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 27 – 30 Exercise: 9 – 11, 13 – 16, 18 – 20, 26 – 29, 31 – 36, 38 – 40 Activity: page 20, 31, 32 Listening Activity: page 9, 13, 20, 30, 32 Extra practice: page 15, 18 Chapter 3: Addition Theory: page 60, 62, 64, 67 Exercise: 29, 32 – 39 Discussion: page 53 Puzzle: page 66 Chapter 5: Subtraction Theory: page 96, 98 Exercise: 28 – 34 Puzzle: page 100 Chapter 8: Mass Exercise: 4, 5 Activity: page 131 Game: page 131	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 16 – 18 Exercise: 1, 21 – 24, 26, 28, 29 Chapter 2: Addition Theory: page 34 – 36, 38 Exercise: 26, 28 – 40 Chapter 3: Subtraction Theory: page 52, 54 Exercise: 14, 22 – 30 Discussion: page 55 Listening Activity: page 49 Chapter 4: Multiplication Puzzle: page 70 Challenge: page 80 Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 12, 13 Game: page 97 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: 14, 15 Chapter 16: Volume Exercise: 4, 6 Chapter 18: Mass Exercise: 4, 5 Chapter 20: Money Exercise: 4, (4)	 1E: Number lines 2A: Mental addition 2B: Column addition 2C: Addition problems 3A: Mental subtraction 3B: Column subtraction 3C: Subtraction problems 4B: Multiples 9B: Units of time 9C: Time calculations 11D: Perimeter 16A: Volume 19H: Budgets 25A: Categorical data 25G: The median of a data set 25H: The range of a data set

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 3: read, write, compare and order whole numbers up to thousands or beyond develop strategies for memorising addition, subtraction, multiplication and division number facts read, write, compare and order fractions read, write, compare and order fractions to hundredths or beyond describe mental and written strategies for multiplication and division. 	Chapter 7: Multiplication Exercise: 2, 8 Discussion: page 101	Chapter 7: Multiplication Theory: page 115 Exercise: 2, 8, 14, 15	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 23, 24, 25 Listening Activity: page 32 Puzzle: page 24 Extra practice: page 22, 24 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 13 – 26, 28 Discussion: page 55, 57, 58 Chapter 9: Multiplication Theory: page 142, 145 Exercise: 8, 10 – 18, 21 Chapter 11: Division Theory: page 169, 170 Exercise: 6, 7 Discussion: page 170 Chapter 12: Fractions Theory: page 174 – 178, 180, 183 Exercise: 5, 8, 10 – 21 Discussion: page 178	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 7 Exercise: $3 - 8$, $10 - 18$, 20 , 25 , 27 , 30 , 31 Activity: page 13 Listening Activity: page 20 Puzzle: page 11, 19 Game: page 12 Chapter 2: Addition Exercise: $9 - 19$ Discussion: page 26, 29 Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 62, 73, 76, 77 Exercise: $4 - 8$, $10 - 12$, 14 , 15 , 17 , $22 - 24$, $28 - 33$ Discussion: page 65 Activity: page 71 Listening Activity: page 71 Puzzle: page 64 Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 105, 109 , $116 - 119$ Exercise: $3 - 9$, $23 - 25$, 27 , 28 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 125, 127 , 129 , 132 , 134 , 138 , 145 , 146 , 149 Exercise: $1 - 41$ Discussion: page 140, 142 , 143 Activity: page 137 Chapter 10: Decimal numbers Theory: page 183, 185 , 187 , 189 , 191 , $194 - 196$ Exercise: $1 - 21$, $24 - 26$, 29 , $30 - 36$, 40 , 41 Discussion: page 196 Chapter 11: Length Activity: page 208, 213	 1A: Place value 1D: Ordering numbers 2A: Mental addition 2B: Column addition 3A: Mental subtraction 4A: The multiplication table 4B: Multiples 4C: Multiplying by 10, 100, and 1000 4D: Column multiplication 4E: Long multiplication 4F: Multipleication problems 4G: Exponents 4H: Squares and square roots 5B: Dividing by 10, 100, and 1000 5D: Dividing larger numbers 7A: Fractions 7B: Finding a fraction of a quantity 7C: Fractions on a number line 7D: Equal fractions 7F: Lowest terms 7G: Fractions which add up to one whole 7H: Adding and subtracting fractions 7I: Proper and improper fractions 10A: Decimal numbers 10D: Adding decimal numbers 10D: Adding decimal numbers 10A: Decimal currency 19A: Decimal currency 19H: Budgets 23D: Theoretical probability

earning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 read, write, compare and order whole numbers up to millions or beyond read and write ratios read and write integers in appropriate contexts read and write exponents and square roots convert improper fractions to mixed numbers and vice versa simplify fractions in mental and written form read, write, compare and order decimal fractions to thousandths or beyond read, write, compare and order percentages convert between fractions, decimals and percentages. 				 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 146 Exercise: 38 Chapter 10: Decimal numbers Exercise: 21, 37 – 39 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: 9, 18 	 1B: Millions 1C: Comparing numbers 4G: Exponents 4H: Squares and square roots 7A: Fractions 7E: Finding equal fractions 7F: Lowest terms 7H: Adding and subtracting fractions 9: Time (Introduction) 10A: Decimal numbers 11B: Length 17A: Units of capacity 18A: Units of mass 23A: Percentage 23B: Converting percentages into fractions 23C: Converting fractions into percentages 23D: Converting decimals into percentages 24B: Using numbers to describe probabilities 24D: Theoretical probability
pplying with understanding					
 hase 1: count to determine the number of objects in a set use number words and numerals to represent quantities in real-life situations 	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 25 Exercise: 5, 10, 14, 24 Discussion: page 25	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 29 Exercise: 3, 6 Activity: page 7	Chapter 1: Number Exercise: 6 Worksheet: page 7 Chapter 11: Division	Chapter 6: Division Theory: page 103 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 125	7: Fractions (Introduction)

Phase 1:	Chapter 1: Number	Chapter 1: Number	Chapter 1: Number	Chapter 6: Division
 count to determine the number of objects in a set 	Theory: page 25	Theory: page 29	Exercise: 6	Theory: page 103
• use number words and numerals to represent quantities	Exercise: 5, 10, 14, 24	Exercise: 3, 6	Worksheet: page 7	Chapter 7: Fractions
in real-life situations	Discussion: page 25	Activity: page 7	Chapter 11: Division	Theory: page 125
 use the language of mathematics to compare quantities in real-life situations, for example, more, less, first, second 	Activity: page 9, 11, 18 Group Activity: page 32 Game: page 17	Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 2	Theory: page 165 Chapter 12: Fractions	Exercise: 12
 subitise in real-life situations 	Practical Activity: page 9, 11, 18	Chapter 9: Division	Theory: page 173, 176, 177	
 use simple fraction names in real-life situations. 	Chapter 9: Division	Theory: page 131, 134, 136	Chapter 13: Time	
	Theory: page 109, 111, 114	Chapter 10: Time	Theory: page 189	
	Exercise: 5	Theory: 144, 146, 147		
	Chapter 10: Time Theory: page 120, 122, 123 Exercise: 8 – 17	Exercise: 6 – 16		

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР З	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Phase 2: use whole numbers up to hundreds or beyond in real-life situations use fast recall of addition and subtraction number facts in real-life situations use fractions in real-life situations use mental and written strategies for addition and subtraction of two-digit numbers or beyond in real-life situations select an appropriate method for solving a problem, for example, mental estimation, mental or written strategies, or by using a calculator use strategies to evaluate the reasonableness of answers. 	Chapter 1: Number Practical Activity: page 31 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 15 – 17, 23 – 25, 27, 28 Game: page 48, 53 Activity: page 43, 49 Practical Activity: page 42 Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 8 – 10, 12, 13, 16 – 22, 24, 25 Discussion: page 71 Puzzle: page 76 Practical Activity: page 69 Chapter 8: Data handling Exercise: 2, 4 – 6 Chapter 9: Division Exercise: 3 Chapter 10: Time Exercise: 3, 4	Chapter 1: Number Theory: page 33 Discussion: page 35 Activity: page 35, 36 Practical Activity: page 28 Chapter 2: Position and direction Exercise: 14 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 11, 13 – 15, 22, 23, 27, 28, 33, 35, 37 Activity: page 59 Puzzle: page 60 Game: page 51, 58 Practical Activity: page 48, 64 Chapter 4: Shape Exercise: 2 Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 6 – 8, 10, 11, 13 – 15, 22 – 24, 26, 29, 32, 33 Puzzle: page 83 Practical Activity: page 77 Chapter 8: Data handing Exercise: 19, 20, 25, 28 – 31 Discussion: page 146 Activity: page 156	Chapter 1: Number Activity: page 31, 32 Puzzle: page 12 Chapter 3: Addition Exercise: 12, 27, 30, 31, 36, 37 Puzzle: page 54, 60 Challenge: page 56 Practical Activity: page 50 Chapter 4: Shape Listening Activity: page 75 Chapter 5: Subtraction Exercise: 8, 10, 17, 18, 22 – 25, 27, 30, 33, 34 Discussion: page 90, 93, 94 Puzzle: page 88, 93, 100 Chapter 6: Length Discussion: page 112 Chapter 8: Mass Theory: page 130 Exercise: 4 – 6 Activity: page 131 Game: page 131 Chapter 9: Multiplication Exercise: 19, 22 Puzzle: page 145 Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 2, 5, 7, 8, 10 Discussion: page 155 Chapter 11: Division Exercise: 8 Chapter 12: Fractions Exercise: 19 Chapter 13: Time Exercise: 19 Chapter 14: Turns Theory: page 205 Exercise: 1 – 3 Chapter 16: Chance Exercise: 7	Chapter 2: Addition Theory: page 38 Exercise: $20 - 25$, $38 - 40$ Puzzle: page 27 Chapter 3: Subtraction Exercise: 6, 7, $16 - 21$, 28 , 29 Puzzle: page 47 Chapter 4: Multiplication Exercise: 16, 34, 35 Challenge: page 80 Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 1, 2, 4, $6 - 8$ Activity: page 94 Chapter 6: Division Exercise: 10, $17 - 19$, 26 , 29 , 30 Puzzle: page 113, 121 Chapter 7: Fractions Theory: page 145 Exercise: 12, 24, 25 Puzzle: page 137 Chapter 8: Time Theory: page 166, 167 Exercise: 17 - 21, 23, 24 Chapter 9: Turns and angles Exercise: 1 Chapter 11: Length Exercise: 14, 15, 21, 22 Activity: page 207, 214 Chapter 12: Shape Exercise: 4 Chapter 13: Area Exercise: 3 Activity: page 231, 235 Chapter 16: Volume Exercise: 7 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 280 Exercise: 6, 7 Chapter 19: Temperature Exercise: 6, 7 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 295, 300, 303 Listening Activity: page 299, (8) Puzzle: page 294, (4)	 2B: Column addition 2C: Addition problems 3C: Subtraction 6D: Estimation problems 7A: Fractions 9: Time (Introduction) 9B: Units of time 9C: Time calculations 9D: 24-hour time 11C: Operations with lengths 11D: Perimeter 11F: The perimeter of a rectangle 12A: Language 14A: Area 14C: Other units of area 15C: Constructing solids 17B: Capacity conversions 17C: measuring with containers 19A: Decimal currency 19H: Budgets 20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence 22A: Celsius temperature 25A: Categorical data 25E: Numerical data 25F: The mean of a data set 25H: The range of a data set 25H: The range of a data set

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	РҮР 2	РҮР 3	РҮР 4	РҮР 5
 Learning Outcome Phase 3: use whole numbers up to thousands or beyond in real-life situations use fast recall of multiplication and division number facts in real-life situations use decimal fractions in real-life situations use mental and written strategies for multiplication and division in real-life situations select an efficient method for solving a problem, for example, mental estimation, mental or written strategies, or by using a calculator use strategies to evaluate the reasonableness of answers add and subtract fractions with related denominators in real-life situations add and subtract decimals in real-life situations, including money estimate sum, difference, product and quotient in real-life situations, including fractions and decimals. 		PYP 2 Chapter 7: Multiplication Exercise: 16 Game: page 122	PYP 3 Chapter 9: Multiplication Exercise: 19, 22 Puzzle: page 145 Chapter 10: Data handling Exercise: 3, 4 Chapter 11: Division Exercise: 8 Puzzle: page 171 Chapter 13: Time Exercise: 8, 14 – 16 Discussion: page 197	Chapter 4: Multiplication Theory: page 68 Exercise: 9, 16, 34, 35 Challenge: page 80 Chapter 5: Data handling Exercise: 3, 11, 12 Game: page 97 Chapter 6: Division Exercise: 10, 16 – 19, 26, 29, 30 Puzzle: page 108, 113, 121 Chapter 8: Time Exercise: 7, 16, 17, 22, 25 Chapter 11: Length Theory: page 204, 205, 209, 211 Exercise: 14, 15, 21, 22 Activity: page 214 Chapter 13: Area	 2C: Addition problems 3C: Subtraction problems 4F: Multiplication problems 5C: Remainders 5E: Division problems 5F: Factors 6D: Estimation problems 9B: Units of time 9C: Time calculations 10B: Decimal number on a number line 10C: Ordering decimal numbers 10D: Adding decimal numbers 10E: Subtracting decimal numbers 10H: Multiplying decimals by a whole number 11A: Measuring length
				Exercise: 4, 5 Activity: page 235 Chapter 14: Position and direction Exercise: 9 – 13 Chapter 17: Capacity Theory: page 272 Discussion: page 267 Chapter 18: Mass Theory: page 281 Exercise: 7, 19 Chapter 19: Temperature Exercise: 7 Chapter 20: Money Theory: page 296, (5) Exercise: 3, 6, 8, 15, (3, 7) Discussion: page 302 Activity: page 295, 300 Puzzle: page 294, (4) Challenge: page 295, (4)	 11C: Operations with lengths 11D: Perimeter 11E: The perimeter of a square 11F: The perimeter of a rectangle 12E: Scale 14A: Area 14B: The area of a rectangle 14C: Other units of area 16B: The volume of a rectangular prism 16C: Other units of volume 17B: Capacity conversions 18B: Mass conversion 18C: Measuring mass 19B: Adding money 19G: Subtracting money 19G: Estimating with money 19H: Budgets 20A: Generating a sequence 20B: Finding a rule for a sequence 21A: Using your calculator 21B: Problem solving 22A: Celsius temperature 23A: Percentage

Learning Outcome	PYP 1	PYP 2	РҮР З	PYP 4	РҮР 5
Phase 4:				Chapter 11: Length	1B: Millions
 use whole numbers up to millions or beyond in real-life situations use ratios in real-life situations use integers in real-life situations 				Activity: page 208 Chapter 13: Area Theory: page 235 Exercise: 10	7G: Fractions which add up to one whole 7H: Adding and subtracting fractions
 Use integers in real-life situations convert improper fractions to mixed numbers and vice versa in real-life situations simplify fractions in computation answers use fractions, decimals and percentages interchangeably in real-life situations select and use an appropriate sequence of operations to solve word problems select an efficient method for solving a problem: mental estimation, mental computation, written algorithms, by using a calculator use strategies to evaluate the reasonableness of answers use mental and written strategies for adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing fractions and decimals in real-life situations estimate and make approximations in real-life situations involving fractions, decimals and percentages. 				Exercise: 19 Chapter 19: Temperature Exercise: 7	71: Proper and improper fractions10D: Adding decimal numbers10E: Subtracting decimals by a whole10H: Multiplying decimals by a wholenumber10I: Dividing decimals by a wholenumber11B: Length conversions11C: Operations with lengths11D: Perimeter11E: The perimeter of a square14B: The area of a rectangle14C: Other units of volume17B: Capacity conversions17C: Measuring with containers18B: Mass conversions18C: Measuring mass19A: Decimal currency19B: Adding money19D: Multiplying with money19D: Multiplying with money19D: Multiplying money19F: Rounding money19G: Estimating money19H: Budgets20A: Generating a sequence20B: Finding a rule for a sequence21B: Problem solving22A: Celsius temperature23B: Converting percentages intofractions23C: Converting fractions intopercentages23D: Converting percentages intodecimals24B: Using numbers to describeprobabilities24B: Using numbers to describeprobabilities24B: Using numbers to describeprobabilities24B: Shar graphs25C: Circle graphs25F: The mean of a data set